

The Janesville Daily Gazette.

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A report from Washington says that in the revision of internal revenue collection offices, this state will lose but one, and that will be the Sparta office.

A paragraph is being circulated to the effect that an Iowa man boasts that his first child was born in the territory of Michigan, the second in the territory of Wisconsin, and the third in the territory of Iowa, and all in the same house. Senator Jones, of the same state, yet living, was the last territorial delegate to congress from Michigan, the first from Wisconsin, and one of the first senators from Iowa.

We are glad to note that the New York Tribune's fresh air fund is to be continued this season. Last year about 6,000 poor children of New York were taken to the lakes and mountains for a month of genuine pleasure, where fishing, boating, swimming, and so on, could be indulged in to their hearts' content. Nearly \$22,000 was subscribed last year to this fund, and every dollar of it was wisely and judiciously expended.

The contest in New Hampshire over the United States senatorship promises to be a bitter one. Rollins, republican, has received the caucus nomination, but enough republicans refuse to vote for him which will defeat his election. Rollins should not have been renominated. He is a clever man in many respects, but he has no ability that entitles him to a seat in the senate; in fact he is unfit for the office, and it is for this reason that some of the republicans oppose the nomination.

There has been a shocking fatality on the cable street cars in Chicago. The latest victim was a six year old boy who was killed on Saturday afternoon. Already there have been twelve deaths by the grip cars, beside a large number severely injured. The deaths have been so numerous that the question of doing away with the cable cars has been seriously discussed. They have been great engines of death, but whether they will be abolished from the streets is a question. They have been built at a heavy expense, and it is hardly probable that they will be replaced by horse cars. It would seem that with ordinary care many of the fatal accidents could be avoided.

Mr. McGeech who lost a million or more in the recent panic in Chicago, doesn't seem to have the sympathy of many people. He claims that he has not a dollar left, that his home and all other property are swallowed by the failure. McGeech was a great scamp. He was bent on making money. His speculations were great and his methods questionable. He was terribly aggressive, hard-hearted, and unrelenting. He had no money for one who was down. He had no mercy for the men who were under his thumb. His ambition was to make money, and if he were compelled to act the part of Shylock to make it, he was Shylock indeed. But the hour came when he overreached, when he couldn't wipe out the margins to save him from failing, and then Peter McGeech went down in almost hopeless bankruptcy. There are a great many who will not mourn over his misfortune; but will rather rejoice that the corner on land has been broken, so that that important article can be bought at other than speculative prices. While McGeech is in the meshes of bankruptcy, he will probably not remain entrapped very long. He has a strong will, an iron courage, and has a pretty thorough knowledge of the wires connected with the board of trade, and no doubt will again establish himself in business.

The Gazette has received from the office of the Western Brewer, a proof-sheet of some now and interesting statistics concerning the great industry of brewing beer in this country. The figures are official and therefore have more importance attached to them on that account. The total brew of the United States for the year ending May 1, 1883, was 17,349,421 barrels of 31 gallons each, making a grand total of gallons 537,832,144. This is an increase of over a million barrels over 1882. The states showing the largest increase in barrels are as follows:

New York	1,072,723
Wisconsin	1,113,836
Illinois	939,146
Massachusetts	86,257
New Jersey	79,224
Michigan	78,781
Minnesota	74,117
Connecticut	74,117

Of the twenty most prominent cities in the United States, only two—Cincinnati and Pittsburgh—had a decrease in the sale of beer over last year, and in these cases the total decrease did not reach over 4,000 barrels, but the increase was wonderful, the greatest being in Albany, New York and Milwaukee.

There is no power that seems to check the manufacture and sale of beer. Its march is onward. With the multiplying of temperance societies on every hand, there is a rapid and quite significant increase in the consumption of beer. This is a question that cannot fail to be interesting to all classes of citizens. The consumption of whisky seems to have decreased, beer having largely taken its place, but this only incites the temperance organizations to greater activity.

Wisconsin manufactured last year 1,268,133 barrels of beer—one barrel for every man, woman and child in the state—and this enormous amount of beverage shows what a powerful interest the brewing business has become in this country. It is not to be wondered at that it holds the upper hand over all movements of prohibition.

The face of humanity displays fewer

pimples than formerly. Reason—GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

"HILLS HAIR AND WHISKER DYE," 50 cents.

WIND AND WATER.

Devastation by Cyclone and Flood at Various Points.

The Missouri River "Away Up" at St. Louis—Inundations in Kansas.

Seven Lives Known to Have Been Lost—The Cyclone Visits Ohio and Pennsylvania.

Chicago, June 19.—The recent heavy rains have caused disastrous floods throughout Kansas. At Baker's ford Thomas Allen and family attempted to leave their home, which was threatened by the water. Their wagon was caught in the current of Turkey creek and upset. Seven of the party were drowned. Mrs. Borari alone escaped. She lodged in a room, but was rescued fourteen hours after being drowned. Only one of the bodies has yet been found. In the vicinity of Seneca all the bridges have been greatly damaged or altogether swept away.

The river gauge of the signal service at St. Louis last night marked 31 feet 10 inches, 22 inches above the danger line. Nearly the entire surface of the levee along the river front is submerged, and steamers find it difficult to load and discharge their cargoes. All the cellars of the business houses along the levee are nearly filled with water, and a rise of another foot will inundate the first floors of most stores. No damage is reported, as all goods have been removed to safe places. Considerable low land in the northern part of the city is covered with back water, and the lumber yards along the river are threatened, but for no serious damage has yet been done. The bottom lands on different points along the lower Missouri river are submerged, and crops injured to a greater or less extent; but no reports have yet been received of any great injury. All tributaries of the river in Missouri, both north and south, are high, and many small interior streams are out of their banks and doing much damage to crops and farm property, railroad and highway bridges. Trains are greatly delayed, and are being seriously interfered with.

Last night the river at Kansas City was twenty-two feet, and rising slowly. The village of Harlan, opposite was deserted. As far as known there is but little damage so far from the water. There were two deaths by drowning yesterday—a colored girl and boy. Shortly after 7 o'clock last evening, Pittsburg and vicinity was visited by one of the heaviest rain and hail storms ever known in Pittsburg. It came down as large as eggs, and rain fell in torrents, filling the streets and cellars. There was no damage more severe than the breaking of sky-lights. Outside the city the storm partook of the nature of a cyclone. Everything was swept as if with a broom.

About 6 o'clock last evening a cyclone struck Steubenville, Ohio, doing damage to property in the northern part of the city to the amount of \$15,000. The track of the cyclone was from a due westerly course. Passing over North Seventh street, it swept over the residence of Mrs. Harry Reynolds, breaking the glass and shatters, tearing off the roof and completely destroying an orchard. It then crossed the Fairview bridge, doing considerable damage to the residences of Ambrose Parker, R. M. Brown, Mrs. James Cooper, Dr. Priest, August Hartje, John McCarrie, Jacob Frieske, Frank Hesse and George Mateher. Trees in the path of the cyclone, as it passed through the city, were uprooted, and the scene presented was one of great destruction. So far as learned no one was injured.

A heavy storm visited Millersburg, Ohio, yesterday afternoon, tore a corner of the court-house, leaving the edifice unsafe, tore up numerous trees, uprooted several houses, and the accompanying hail did great damage to crops through Washington and other southern counties of Ohio; houses and barns were uprooted, trees uprooted, and cattle killed. The damage to railroads from washouts and landslides is great, but so far no loss of life is reported. The storm did not last an hour, and was from the southwest.

The heavy rains of the past week in central Illinois have caused the corn to turn yellow, and the farmers are discouraged over the prospects.

A terrific hurricane with rain passed over Chatham, Ont., yesterday. The wind struck a bridge across the Thames river, utterly destroying it. Five men who were on the structure jumped into the river. Two were injured, but not seriously.

A fierce rain-storm, amounting almost to a water-spout, visited Van Buren county, Mich., Sunday. Roads were washed out, culverts and bridges swept away, and plowed fields damaged.

Another Cashier Gone Wrong. Boston, Mass., June 19.—Arthur H. Blaney, cashier and head book-keeper of the Massachusetts Loan and Trust company, has confessed that he has embezzled \$44,000 of the company's funds. The money was used in mining and other stock speculations. This first admission, that anything was wrong was on Monday afternoon of last week when it was found that Blaney was \$700 short in his cash account. His attention was called to the discrepancy. He said he had taken it for temporary use and would return it the next morning. Tuesday he did so. Being questioned about other possible discrepancies, he confessed the president of the company that his deficit did not exceed \$700. It was deemed best to suspend Blaney.

Expenses soon discovered the defalcation. His mode of covering up discrepancies was when a customer drew \$500 to charge him as having received \$1,000 or more, and to pocket the difference.

Barbed Wire.

Statement of the Washburn & Moen Company—The Cases to go to the Supreme Court.

Worcester, Mass., June 19.—The Washburn & Moen manufacturing company have prepared a statement to their licensees and customers, in reference to the recent decision of Judge Treat, of St. Louis. They say: The late decision of Judge Treat, in which he denied our motions for preliminary injunctions on some of our patents, were unexpected, since the object of the lawsuit in said suits, the Glidden, Kellogg and Kelly reissues, had been previously fully sustained in the United States circuit court for the northern district of Illinois by Judges Drummond and Blodgett. The decision of Judge Treat were upon preliminary questions, and were not final decisions even in that court, and the same court will review all the questions lately passed upon on a final hearing at the next full term upon the complete evidence to be taken during the coming summer. Should the court, however, on the final hearing adhere to the same opinions as already expressed, the cases will be taken to the supreme court with as little delay as possible for final adjudication. But in the meantime the decisions in other circuits where said patents have been sustained will remain the recognized law in such circuits until the supreme court has reversed and determined which of the conflicting decisions shall stand. While Judge Treat's decision is, for the time being, adverse to the reissued Glidden and Kelly patents, it broadens the scope of the invention embraced in the original Glidden patent of Nov. 24, 1874, which invention consists in the combination of a barbed wire with two main wires twisted together, and the validity of which invention Glidden patent has been sustained by the supreme court in the contrary, states in strong language that such unassisted Glidden patent embraces the "use of a twisted wire to lock and keep barbs in position," and that Glidden was inventor thereof instead of Kelly. Consequently we have only to proceed to institute suits upon the said unassisted Glidden patent in the circuit where the adverse decision have been rendered against the reissued Glidden and Kelly patents in order to secure in such circuit substantially the same protection as we have secured in other circuits under said reissued Glidden and Kelly patents. In fact, several suits have already been instituted on the said unassisted Glidden patent—one against the Grinnell Wire company and W. & J. R. Rhoads, March 6, 1883, and one against the Farmers' Protective association and W. L. Carpenter on the same date, in both of which suits motions for preliminary injunctions will now be pressed for hearing at the earliest possible moment, and other suits on the same patent against other infringing parties in the same circuit will be instituted and pressed forward to early hearings. You will thus see that the effect of the present decision, while necessitating in that circuit the institution of suits on the unassisted Glidden patent, is calculated to transfer the patent protection that was supposed to reside in the Kelly to the unassisted Glidden patent, thus in reality affording us a longer term of protection in the use of a twisted wire to lock and keep barbs in position. In reference to the motions for preliminary injunctions, based on some of the claims in two of our machine patents refused at the same time, it is quite clear from the decision of Judge Treat that no apprehension need be entertained in the cases then before him he had not the means of reaching a final conclusion as to our rights under these machine patents, but that the final decision must be based upon evidence to be hereafter introduced. In conclusion, the company expresses confidence in the strength of its barbed fence wire patents on which it has over 25 years' ability to maintain their validity in the courts. The circular is signed by the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing company and Isaac L. Ellwood, of De Kalb, Ill.

A Talk With Edison. Chicago, June 19.—Mr. Thomas A. Edison, who arrived in this city yesterday, was besieged by several regiments of reporters during the day and until 12 o'clock midnight. Many prominent citizens were glad to pay their respects to the man who has invented so many conveniences for the public, and all were glad that he had visited Chicago. Mr. Edison is here on business connected with his companies and to see the railroad exhibition. He thinks the railroad show the most wonderful and complete special exhibition that was ever organized.

The reporter inquired about the underground system of telegraph wires, and the great inventor said that there should be no trouble about the matter at all. In Germany there were 800 miles of underground telegraph wires laid, and it was necessary to take a trip twelve miles from the business center of London to see telegraph poles.

As to telephone wires being utilized underground, Mr. Edison thinks that until some new method is discovered he will be impossible to make them run. He said this was a tough problem, and not of a merchantable character.

So far as the system for utilizing electricity in operating railroads was concerned, Mr. Edison said emphatically that none but street railways and other short roads could use it at present. It would take years to discover the proper method to run large engines on long roads. He had several of the wealthy citizens of New York interested with him. He was for the present devoting his time to business, having gotten through with the scientific part of his labors. He leaves for the east to-day.

Suits Against the Brooklyn Bridge Trustees. New York, June 19.—Ten suits have been begun against the cities of New York and Brooklyn and the bridge trustees, on account of the deaths and injuries of persons in the terrible disaster on Decoration day. The principal plaintiffs are Mrs. Margaret Hargarty, who was injured on the arm, spine and other parts of the body, and who wants \$20,000; Mary O'Donovan, aged 12, who is injured about the head and body, and who wants \$20,000; Mary E. Sullivan, the mother of Margaret Sullivan, who was killed, who demands \$5,000. Elizabeth Tierney, who was injured about the body and wants \$20,000, and Matthew Walsh, who also thinks \$20,000 is the extent of his injuries.

James L. Tyndy, the counsel for the complainants, said that he would make a best case and carry it up to the court of appeals. He has brought suits against the cities as well as the municipalities, because the courts had held that where a public official did not perform his duty, and harm came to a person in consequence, he was responsible. The trustees were clearly responsible for the accident in having thrown open the bridge for travel before it was finished, and for the lack of a proper police force.

Fatal Shooting Affrays. ENTERPRISE, O., June 19.—At this place John Adams was shot through the abdomen by a farmer named Putnam, and will die. Putnam has been arrested.

VERMILION, Ky., June 19.—Two brothers, Ollie and Press Brown shot and killed Town Marshal George Freeman while he was at Parker, Hamer, Plaster, Freeman, Goodhue, Kennedy, Hosmer and Weisberger all were at work in singles most of the day. Hosmer and Weisberger rowed double in the afternoon. Conley is expected to-day and he will row double with Hosmer. Kennedy and Plaster may pull double.

The number of known deaths by the horror at Sunderland, England, has reached 187.

consider this valuable invention as one of the most useful gifts which science has made to mankind.

WITHOUT DAY.

The Illinois Legislature Closes Its Business and Adjourns Sine Die.

Springfield, June 19.—In the senate Mr. Wilkins offered the following protest: Whereas, Several house bills of great importance to the people were on the order of second reading Saturday, June 16, the last day but one of this session; and Whereas, A refusal to give these bills a second reading defeated them without a hearing; and Whereas, The senate, after being fully advised, refused to give them said hearing, and adjourned when ample time remained for much legislation; therefore the undersigned, believing that this action worked wrong to the public's interest respectfully but earnestly enter our solemn protest, and ask that it be spread upon the journal. Henry Siler, Isaac Rice, D. B. Gilman, T. M. Shaw, M. T. Vandever, W. H. McNary, L. D. Whiting.

The senate took a recess until 2:30 p. m. The senate met at 2:30 and agreed with the report of the conference committee on the general appropriation bill, after which the senate notified the house of its readiness to adjourn sine die.

The rest of the afternoon was devoted to recesses and in waiting upon the house. During the intervals Senator Morris was called out by the clerks, senators, and other employees of the senate and presented with an elegant silver pitcher and plate. Finally the house reached the end, and the gravel came down, and the senate sine die adjournment was announced.

The house adopted several amendments to the general appropriation bill, in which the senate has refused to concur, and a conference committee was appointed to agree upon a settlement. Linger called up the protest upon the passage of the Harper bill again, for the purpose of having the testimony taken by the investigating committee made a part of the protest. After a long discussion a copy of the testimony was admitted, and both sides believe they are now fully equipped for the contest in the courts over this measure.

At the afternoon session it was evident nothing could be accomplished. The break-up had come. Haines offered the customary joint resolution informing the governor that the legislature was ready to adjourn, and asking him if he had anything to communicate. The house was in confusion, and the members were pelting each other with paper balls and waste-baskets. The galleries and the floor were crowded with spectators enjoying the scene. The speaker adjourned, and the members waited until the governor in accordance with the resolution introduced by Mr. Haines.

The miles were suspended and a senate bill put on its passage according to the law of judgments. The bill was sent through, and was followed by a bill providing for the punishment of those convicted a second time of the crimes of larceny, grand larceny, larceny by receiving, or counterfeiting by imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term of not less than fifteen years. A motion was made to suspend the rules to take up the compulsory education bill. The motion prevailed by a vote of 78 yeas to 13 nays. The bill was read and the roll-call was attended with a great deal of excitement. The bill received 81 affirmative votes and went to the governor for approval. The announcement of the vote was greeted with prolonged applause.

A message from the senate was received, which announced the fact that that body was about to adjourn. Parker, of Cook, called up Senator White's bill giving cities the power to license lumber dealers, and moved to suspend the rules for its consideration. The motion was lost and the bill was defeated. Yancy made an impudently motion to suspend the rules for the consideration of the interfering switch and signal bill. Harris moved to take up the Bakewell resolution. The motion was carried and the resolution passed.

Sexton offered a resolution instructing the clerk to notify the senate that the house was ready to adjourn. It was adopted with a yell.

Harrison called up the senate resolution empowering canal commissioners to employ attorneys to protect the interest of the state in all canal lands or property to which the state may have any title. In particular it applies to the lake front in Chicago. Haines objected, but Morrison insisted on a suspension of the rules. The resolution was adopted.

Litter moved that the house adjourn sine die. The motion prevailed, and at 6:10 p. m. the session came to an end.

AMUSEMENTS.

MYERS' OPERA HOUSE. C. E. MOSELEY, MANAGER.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY. Monday and Tuesday, June 18 and 19.

"Prof. Johnson's Magnets"

Prof. E. C. Johnson, the World's Greatest Mesmerist

In conjunction with a grand Olio of Specialty Stars.

The wonderful acting of the Mesmerist Subjects creates more interest and contentment and hearty applause than anything before seen.

Popular Prices, 25c. and 50c. No Extra Charge for Reserved Seats.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Enormous Trade IN SILKS

JAMES MORGAN'S 386 & 388 East Water Street MILWAUKEE.

Special Bargains IN Hosiery, Millinery, Shoes and Rugs, Handkerchiefs, Laces, DRESS GOODS

DOLMANS, Jersey Jackets, Pelisses, Shawls, Shawlets, Etc., Will be presented this week JAMES MORGAN

McCall's Patterns The best and most reliable.

NEW Attractions McKEY & BRO'S Beautiful line of 2c Satines

Hosiery. 100 dozen fine striped hose at 15 cents. Laces. 50 pieces new patterns, in fancy figures at 12 1/2c.

Silks. The best value in \$1.25 and \$1.50 Silk ever opened by any house in Janesville.

Gloves. Our 75c and \$1.00 kids, and 25 to 50 Lisle Thread, are an extra bargain.

Laces. 100 pieces of the latest style for Dress and Dolman trimming.

The immense business we are doing in all departments, go to show that McKee & Bro. keep the best quality and largest assortment of goods in this part of the state, and can sell at prices that give satisfaction to all. \$3.00 worth of (Gingham Prints and Cambrics opened this week.

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Board Of Review. Notice is hereby given that the Board of Review of the City of Janesville, will meet at the city clerk's office, on Monday, June 25th, 1883, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of reviewing the assessment of 1882, and for the year 1883.

Notice to Stockholders. Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of the Merchants' and Mechanics' Savings Bank will be held at the office of the bank on Tuesday, July 10, 1883, at 4 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of electing directors and officers for the ensuing year.

Losses from Tornadoes, Cyclones and Wind Storms CAN BE AVOIDED BY INSURING IN OLD RELIABLE COMPANIES REPRESENTED BY

RIPLEY & DUTTON.

Fire, Life and Tornado Policies, also Accident Tickets and Annual Policies at Lowest Rates.

None but reliable companies represented. Old Insurance Headquarters over old postoffice, opposite Rock County National Bank, Janesville, Wis.

DOWN THEY GO! Great fall in the Price of CARPETS!

The New York Cash Store

We shall offer on MONDAY MORNING JUNE 18th Twelve different patterns of the regular 5 Frame Body Brussels Carpets at the very low price of One Dollar a yard; also our entire stock of Extra Super Lowell at 75 cents; also entire stock of Three-Plys at 1.00. Tapestry Brussels as low as 60 cents; Super Cotton Chain at 30 cents; Extra Super 40 cents. A few patterns of Moquettes at very low prices to close. This sale is made to close out our entire Spring stock, preparatory to buying our fall stock, which we propose to do early in the fall and do the Carpet trade of this city the coming fall.

M. C. SMITH.

Hanchett & Sheldon, 24 and 26 Main street.

Hardware Dealers,

Golden Star Gasoline stoves Has the best burner, an examination will convince of its superiority.

Monarch Oil Stove, (SEE CUT) none claim to equal it.

Alaska Refrigerator, Don't smell sour, is metal lined, charcoal filled, and elegantly furnished over 100 families can testify to its merits.

Tin Work! We will not do shop work. Prices as low as good material and skilled labor will justify.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS In the country. Our outside trade enables us to purchase goods in jobbers quantities, giving us the advantage of longest discounts. We retail many goods at Chicago wholesale prices. Our large and rapidly increasing trade demonstrates that the people are not slow to appreciate this fact. Remember the old saw, "More of it and more of it."

HANCHETT & SHELDON.

Shoulder BRACES BRACES BRACES

All Styles and Sizes!

PRENTICE EVENSON AND

SHOULDER BRACES

In All Styles and Sizes

THE CELLULOID TRUSS. Fine Steel Spring Covered with Celluloid. Made in every desirable Pattern to Fit the Body. Warranted Not to Rust. No Heating required to fit the Body. Not to Break. Always Clean and COMFORTABLE. Not to Wear Out. Free From Any Unpleasant Odor. FOR COMFORT, CLEANLINESS, and DURABILITY IT EXCELS ALL OTHERS. Sold in Janesville by PALMER & STEVENS, DRUGGISTS, Corner Main and Milwaukee Streets.

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, JUNE 19.

The Daily and Weekly Gazette can be found at the bookstores of James Sutherland & Sons, and E. W. King's.

Our readers will find all the medicines advertised in this paper at Prentice and Evenson's drug store, opposite the post-office. They keep all the principal patent medicines in the market and undoubtedly have the largest stock in the city.

FOR SALE CHEAP—200 empty dry goods boxes, 25 empty barrels, 50 kegs at Heinemann's drug store.

M. C. Smith received 50 pieces satines this day which will be put on sale Monday morning, June 18, at the very low price of 12 1/2 cents, also 10 pieces of beautiful small checks at a low price.

Willow body, steel spring, parasol top baby carriages at Woodcock's crockery store for \$3.00. Job lot of pretty vases 10 cents each.

Hair cloth skirts at Mattie McCullagh & Co's.

M. C. Smith will sell carpets next week cheaper than ever before sold in this country.

Lovely oriental laces at Mattie McCullagh & Co's.

Bostwick & Sons' are selling, and have been selling, satines for two weeks past, at 14 cents. Try and remember this.

HEADQUARTERS for fruits of all kinds at Van Kirk's.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is sold by Prentice & Evenson, opposite the postoffice.

Thomas' Electric Oil, sold and warranted by Prentice & Evenson, druggists.

Hammocks from 50 cents to \$1.20 at Chicago Cheap Store.

N. K. Brown's Essence ginger at Prentice & Evenson's, opposite postoffice.

Brown's Teething Cordial soothes rest for the parents and relieves pain in the children.

Call and see the large and elegant line of chamber suits of all styles, at W. H. Ashcroft's, 22 West Milwaukee Street.

Dunbar's celebrated Bethesda water Stearns' & Baker sole agents.

Call at the Central carriage works on River street and examine their work, it can't be beat.

VANKIRK sells all groceries at lowest prices.

Men's all wool suits 6.50 Chicago Cheap Store.

Whitewash and calomining material and brushes cheap, at Croft & Whiton's.

LADIES' mullin underwear at Bostwick & Son's, made on lock-stitch machine.

VANKIRK pays highest price in cash or trade for choice butter and fresh eggs.

A great variety of shades in ready mixed paints of the very best quality. Call and get a can at Stearns & Baker's.

Sponges, chamoise skins, bath towels, soap, and flesh brushes, at Croft & Whiton's.

VANKIRK sells choice cigars and tobacco of all kinds, cheapest in Janesville.

The Chicago store's five-cent hose are the same as others sell for eight cents.

10 cases of millinery goods opened today at McKoy & Bro.

What's known in every car, in every big hotel, what's known both near and far, and liked by all as well as La Perfection cigars? Sold by Palmer & Stevens.

We are still selling those Brussels carpets at 75c per yard, McKoy & Bro.

Sateens 10c per yard at McKoy & Bro. none in the city like them for less than 20c.

Sateen prints in new styles 8c, McKoy & Bro.

VANKIRK pays highest price for choice potatoes.

Boys' suits \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.50 at Chicago Cheap Store.

McKoy & Bro. are advertising special bargains in hosiery.

For Sale.

Three very desirable residence lots about 40x132, on North Jackson street adjoining E. G. Fifield. Also two lots in rear of same about 60x132 on North Franklin street.

DIMOCK & HAYNER, Smith & Jackman's block.

For custom made parlor suits, patent rockers, easy chairs, and lounges at reasonable prices, go to R. H. Morris, East Milwaukee street.

FIRE, CYCLOPE, AND HAIL INSURANCE.—Dimock & Hayner are prepared to write fire and cyclone insurance in the strongest and largest companies in the world. They make a specialty of insuring growing crops against damage from hail. Office in Smith & Jackman's block.

FOUND AT LAST—The place to have your old furniture repaired and upholstered and mattresses renovated, is at R. H. Morris, opposite Myers opera house.

GREAT Slaughter! Great slaughter! \$50,000 worth of clothing to be closed out in Janesville regardless of cost or value. This is a rare chance for the people of Rock county, and they should not fail to avail themselves of the opportunity of buying these goods at one half their value, as the stock must be closed in the next 30 days. The stock consists of men's, boys', youth's and children's suits in large variety. Grand opening, Friday, May 25, at A. G. Anderson's old stand, next to Hanchett & Sheldon's hardware store, Main street, sign of red flag.

J. A. BARLING.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Two fine prairie farms two miles from Janesville city, one contains 120 and one 240 acres. If you want a splendid farm near the city don't let this opportunity pass.

R. H. BLANCHARD.

DOWN, DOWN, DOWN! \$4.00 \$4.00 \$4.00 We defy competition!

Turner, The Photographer.

Kimball & Lowell.

Kimball & Lowell.

Kimball & Lowell.

All photographs taken by the new process. No failures at Turner's, 16 West Milwaukee street.

John Monaghan has Misses, school shoes in button for \$1.25 a pair.

Remember that Turner, the photographer, guarantees all of his work of superior quality and finely finished, if not you need not take them.

Fine new embroideries at Mattie McCullagh & Co's.

What is the use of paying \$6.00 for a dozen cabinet photographs when you can get them at \$4.00 at Turner's. No extra charge for re-attaching. Proofs shown.

Bostwick & Sons' can sell you dry goods cheaper than any one. Make a note of this.

\$4.00 for one dozen fine cabinet photographs at Wilkins & Co's, 33 West Milwaukee street.

Have you seen the straw hats and wonderful prices at Chicago Cheap Store.

War! War!! Prices on photographs way down, at Wilkins & Co's, the photographers, will make photographs as low as the rest.

New corsets at Mattie McCullagh & Co's.

Wilkins & Co., photographers, are making a fine cabinet photograph at \$4.00 per dozen.

Read Green & Rice's new ad. It won't hurt you and may do you good.

John Monaghan is offering special bargains in Misses, and children's low walking shoes for the next 15 days.

Sambora & Caniff, the old reliable second hand dealers, are still at the front with a full stock of goods, including nearly everything in the house furnishing line.

W. H. Ashcroft keeps on hand all sizes of the Jackson refrigerator which by a recent trial proved the best.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, June 18.—(P. M.) REPORTED FOR THE GAZETTE BY A. D. BROWN, REPRESENTING FROST, KRAMER & CO., OF CHICAGO, OFFICE, MILWAUKEE BLOCK.

REPRINTED FOR THE GAZETTE BY A. L. BROWN, REPRESENTING PEOPLE, KENT & CO., OF CHICAGO OFFICE, ELDRED'S BLOCK.		
ARTICLES.	OPENING.	CLOSING.
No. 2 Reg. Wt.—		
June	\$1.05	\$1.05
July	\$1.04	\$1.04
August	\$1.08	\$1.08
Sept.	\$1.10	\$1.10
Oct.		
June	53 1/2	58 1/2
July	54 1/2	54 1/2
August	55	54 1/2
Sept.	55 1/2	55 1/2
Oct.		
June	38 1/2	38 1/2
July	39	39
August	39 1/2	41 1/2
Sept.	39 1/2	40
Oct.		
Lard—		
June	\$9 7 1/2	\$9 7 1/2
July	\$9 3 1/2	\$9 3 1/2
August	\$9 3 1/2	\$10 1/2
Sept.		
Oct.		
June	\$17 50	\$17 37 1/2
July	\$17 50	\$17 42 1/2
August	\$17 50	\$17 5 1/2
Sept.	\$17 50	\$17 37 1/2